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World Bank Financed Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project (CSIAP)
Ministry of Mahaweli, Agriculture, Irrigation and Rural Development

Environmental, Social and Gender Screening Report
Cluster Village Development Programme in
Kolongolla Village - Trincomalee District



Submission by

Deputy Project Director Office of the CSIAP – Eastern Province

13 – May – 2020

Contents

1. Introduction of the Sub-Project.....	4
1.1 Sub-Project Description	6
2. Community Consultation for Social Environmental and Gender	15
3. Screening for Potential Impacts	17
4. Permits and clearances needed for the project to proceed	25
5. Conclusions	26
6. Screening Decision Recommendation (Select One):	27
7. Environment and Social Management Plan for the Kolongolla Cluster Village Development Programme of the CSIAP	29
8. IPM Practices for cultivation Programme.....	33
9. Details of Persons Responsible for the Environmental/Social/ Gender Section of the Screening Report	39
10. Activity Plan for CVDP	40
Annex: 01 A. Location map(DS Divisional map - Padavisripura DS division & Parana Madawachiya GN Division).....	42
Annex: 02 Pictures during the field visits.....	44
.....	46
Annex: 03 Attendance - Producer Group formation - 2 PGs Formed.....	47
Annex: 04 Further Statistical Datas about Padavisripura ASC Division	52
Annex: 05 Beneficiary Details Cluster Village Development Programme - Kolongolla, Trincomalee.....	53

Abbreviation

ASC	Agrarian Service Centre
AI	Agriculture Instructor
ARPA	Agriculture Research and Production Assistant
CBO	Community Based Organization
CSIAP	Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project
CVDP	Cluster Village Development Programme
DAD	Department of Agrarian Development
DOA	Department of Agriculture
DSD	Divisional Secretariat Divisions
ESIMP	Environmental and Social Impact Management Plan
ESSR	Environmental and Social Screening Report
FGD	Focus Group Discussion
FO	Farmer Organization
GBV	Gender Based Violence
GND	Grama Niladhari Division
GRC	Grievance Redressal Committee
GRM	Grievance Redressal Mechanism
HEC	Human- Elephant Conflict
HSA	Hot Spot Areas
IPDOA	Inter Provincial Department of Agriculture
IPM	Integrated Pest Management
LKR	Lanka Rupee
OFC	Other Field Crop
PDOA	Provincial Department of Agriculture
PDPDO	Provincial Deputy Project Director Officer
PMU	Project Management Unit
PPT	Personal Protective Tools
PS	Producer Society
SAC	Social Auditing Committee
SPP	Sub Project Proposal
WB	World Bank
WFO	Women Farmer Organization
WHF	Woman Headed Family
WRDS	Women Rural Development Society

**Environmental, Social and Gender Screening Report for Cluster Village
Development Programme in Parana Madawachiya GN Division in Trincomalee
District**

1. Introduction of the Sub-Project

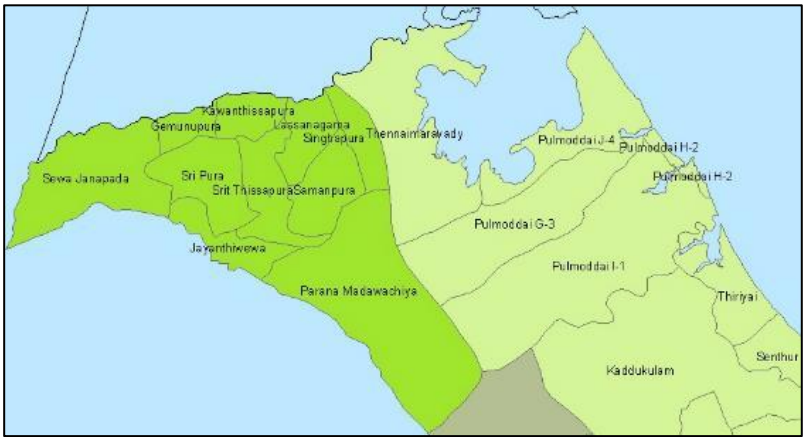
Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project implemented by the Ministry of Mahaweli, Agriculture, Irrigation and Rural Development with the financial support of the World Bank planned to implement a Cluster Village Development Programme in 11 districts in the CSIAP area in line with the *Saubagye Dekma* (the Vision for Prosperity), the government's national development programme to overcome the issue of low agricultural productivity and poor income of farmers due to impacts of climate change. Accordingly, this is one of the eleven sub-projects, which is planned to be implemented in Parana Madawachiya GN Division in the Padavi Sripura Agrarian Service Centre (ASC) area, Trincomalee in the Eastern Province to cultivate commercial groundnuts in 50 acres engaging men and women farmers who have previous experience in the cultivation of groundnuts. They will be provided with agricultural inputs free of charge.

The responsibility of implementing the project at the ground level will rest on the Groundnut Producer Group of Kolongolla village that will be formed by the CSIAP to work with close guidance and supervision of the provincial Department of Agriculture (DOA) . The Agriculture Specialist of the Provincial Deputy Project Director's Office of CSIAP will work with close guidance and supervision of the provincial Department of Agriculture (DOA). The Agriculture Specialist of the Provincial Deputy Project Director's Office of CSIAP will closely coordinate with the Provincial Department of Agriculture to obtain technical support for farmers through its field workers. The estimated total cost for the sub-project is LKR 11,064,545.00 amount expected from the CSIAP LKR 7,314,545.00 and community contribution will be LKR 3,750,000.00 which will expecting as land, labour and land preparation cost including land clearing, land leveling, weeding, planting, fertilizer application & proper fencing.

The project location is a low land area and farmers involve both agricultural seasons with lowland and highland cultivations. When conduct community consultation meeting the village farmers prefer to cultivate groundnut on next season (September – December). The groundnut cultivation has a direct link with the Provincial Department of Agriculture - Extension, Eastern Province. Also, to promote selected farmers who are currently engaged in commercial groundnut cultivation, steps will be taken to change them by using modern techniques. Thus, to change their cultivation pattern, it is proposed to provide them with all agricultural inputs apart from labor and land which will be the farmer's contribution. The necessary quality commercial groundnut seeds "Tissa" variety developed and certified by the DOA will be given to farmers free depending on their need. Through project, inputs like groundnut commercial seeds, 2" kerosene water pump, supply and installation of Sprinkler system , 2" Alkathene pipe 100 feet will provide to increase water availability of the groundnut also that will lead to reduce water losses.

The number of direct beneficiaries of the sub-project is 70 and 48 out of the total are male, while 22 are female farmers of whom 09 represent women headed households. The indirect beneficiaries are around 200 except the farmers living outside the Kolongolla village, but who are benefiting from the groundnut market. The Deputy Project Director office, CSIAP will facilitate through its staff to form, establish and strengthen the Producer Groups and to obtain legality for it from relevant authorities. Two Groundnut Producer Groups formed with 35 farmers in each group, have already been identified through Farmer Organizations within the ASC. They are registered with the DOA.

1.1 Sub-Project Description

Name of the sub-project	Cluster Village Development Programme at Kolongolla village in Trincomalee (special focus on support of enhancement of commercial groundnut production).
Name of the sub-project implementing agency	Provincial Director, Eastern Province Department of Agriculture (Extension), Kanniya Road, Varothayanagar, Trincomalee. Email: epdoapmu@gmail.com General : 0262222665 Fax : 0262222153
Sub-project Location	Province – Eastern Province District – Trincomalee DS Division – Padavisripura DSD ASC - Padavisripura Located GN – Parana Madawachiya (31F) Predeshiya Saba - Padavisripura Villages –Kolongolla, Paranamadawachiya, Eramaduwa, Inthiwewa, Meegaswewa, Weliala GN Map - 
	GN – Parana Madawachiya Source – www.tamilnet.com , 2017

<p>Objectives of the sub-project</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The primary objectives is to support 70 farmers in Parana Madawachiya GN to produce good quality commercial groundnuts under the close technical supervision and support of the DOA and thereby to increase annual farmer family income. • Secondary objectives are to establish and strengthen groundnut producer society with 70 farmer families who will involve in cultivating seed groundnuts. • To provide necessary agricultural inputs and technical guidance to 50 farmers to produce quality groundnuts in 50 acres. • To increase annual farm income of 70 groundnut farmers in the producer society upto 10%. • To increase the Climate Smart Agricultural Practices.
<p>Beneficiary Selection Criteria and the selection process</p>	<p>Beneficiary Selection Criteria</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The project has given more priority to select the beneficiaries from the low-income category, smallholder farming community, people who are benefited from the government safety net program (Samurdhi beneficiaries), women-headed families/ widows, and the special need people in the hotspot area. Therefore, the percentage of vulnerable category included in the subproject. • Key selection criteria: Adequate land availability, vulnerability, experience in cultivation activities, availability of water source, support to provide the labor requirement, willing to be a member of the producer society, willing to attend training and other extensions activities.

	<p>Beneficiary Selection Process</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pathavisripura ASC division is identified as a climatically vulnerable area. CSIAP has conducted IEC program in the hotspot area and provided an awareness to the government stakeholders about the project. Then with the collaboration of the PDoA, DAD and CSIAP staff conducted awareness program in the GN division. • Then CSIAP provided the basic criteria to the implementing departments and the other stakeholders to select the smallholder farmers as beneficiaries in the hotspot area. • Then Agriculture Instructors (AIs) and Agriculture Research and Production Assistants (ARPAs) selected the smallholder farmers and submitted the name list to the PDPD office of the CSIAP. • Then they have done field visits randomly to confirm that they have selected the most suitable beneficiaries. CSIAP staffs formed a producer society in the hotspot area. All the beneficiaries are requested to be a member of the PS. • The project supplies the agricultural inputs to the implementing agencies, and the inputs distributed among the beneficiaries with the support of the PS. • During the consultations it is identified that PS expressed their willingness to support vulnerable groups like labor sharing and land preparation. 						
Beneficiaries of the sub-project (number)	<p>70 Farmer families (51 male farmers and 19 female farmers).</p> <p>Table No 01: Beneficiaries</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="483 1633 1474 1845"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="483 1633 813 1780">Total Number of Beneficiaries</th> <th data-bbox="813 1633 1143 1780">Total Number of Male Beneficiaries</th> <th data-bbox="1143 1633 1474 1780">Total Number of Female Beneficiaries</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="483 1780 813 1845">70</td> <td data-bbox="813 1780 1143 1845">48</td> <td data-bbox="1143 1780 1474 1845">22</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Total Number of Beneficiaries	Total Number of Male Beneficiaries	Total Number of Female Beneficiaries	70	48	22
Total Number of Beneficiaries	Total Number of Male Beneficiaries	Total Number of Female Beneficiaries					
70	48	22					

Proposed start date and end date of the sub-project	April 2020 – December 2020
The estimated total cost of the sub-project	Rs. 11,064,545.00
Description of activities supported under the sub-project	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Selection of suitable farmers 2. Training and Awareness programme 3. Supply of inputs to establish 50 ACs of Groundnut commercial cultivation <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Certified Groundnut seeds ii. 2" kerosene water pumps iii. Supply and installation of a sprinkler system with all accessories iv. 2" Alkathene pipe x 100 feet 4. Formation of producer groups/societies 5. Registering the producer group as a contract grower 6. Link farmers with the market 7. Provide training for farmers on IPM (Integrated Pest Management) 8. Establishment of crops in the fields of farmers in each village
Sub-project management team	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Deputy Project Director, CSIAP-EP 2. Agriculture Specialist, CSIAP – EP 3. Agri Bussiness and Marketing Linakges Specialist, CSIAP - EP 4. Department of Agriculture Trincomalee - Deputy Director of Agriculture (Extn)-Trincomalee. 5. Range Agriculture Instructor (AI) 6. Padavisripura Groundnut Producer Society

Socio-economic profile of the community

Table No: 02 General Profile of Community in Paranamadawachiya GN Division

Details	Paranamadawachiya GND
Total Population in the selected GND	987
Male	454
Female	533
Total number of families in selected GND	294
Total number of farmer families in selected GND	217
Total number of women headed families in selected GND	61
Total number of women headed farmer families in selected GND	43
Total number of widows	60
Children - below 18 years	347
Name of the villages under the Paranamadawachiya GND 1.Paranamadawachiya 2.Kolongolla 3.Eramaduwa 4.Inthiwewa 5.Meegaswewa 6.Weliala	06
Total number of beneficiaries in selected project area	70
Number of Male beneficiaries	48
Number of female beneficiaies	22
Number of samurdhi beneficiaeis are recieveing the benefits from the subproject in the Nediynamadu GND	18

	Number of WHF/ Widows are receiving the benefits from the project in Nediyaadu GND	09																
	Number of elderly people are receiving the benefits from the subproject in Nediyaadu GND	07																
<p>Source - Divisional Statistical Handbook, Padavisripura DS Division, 2019</p> <p>Beneficiaries selected based on the Kolongolla tank. The above six villages benefit from the tank within the Parana madawachiya GN division.</p> <p>Table No 03: Samurdhi Beneficiaries of Paranamadawachiya GN Divisions</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">GN Division</th> <th colspan="4">No. of Families Receiving Samurdhi Allowances</th> <th rowspan="2">No. of Samurdhi Families</th> </tr> <tr> <th>3500/=</th> <th>2500/=</th> <th>1500/=</th> <th>420/=</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Paranamedawachiya</td> <td>27</td> <td>10</td> <td>18</td> <td>18</td> <td>73</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Source - Divisional Statistical Handbook, Padavisripura DS Division, 2019</p>			GN Division	No. of Families Receiving Samurdhi Allowances				No. of Samurdhi Families	3500/=	2500/=	1500/=	420/=	Paranamedawachiya	27	10	18	18	73
GN Division	No. of Families Receiving Samurdhi Allowances				No. of Samurdhi Families													
	3500/=	2500/=	1500/=	420/=														
Paranamedawachiya	27	10	18	18	73													
Land ownership Private/Govt/Lease/Permit	<p>Private lands are used for this activity</p> <p>Farmers are cultivating the groundnuts in their private lands, not government land or encroached land. Through the community consultations meeting farmers confirmed that they have land ownership either permit or deed.</p>																	
Current land use of the area	<p>High land used for the Groundnut Cultivation.</p> <p>Vegetables (brinjal, okra, busita and snakegourd) and OFC (groundnut, maize and cowpea) are being cultivated in this area. They are not cultivating the paddy in these high land. Rotationally they are cultivating the highland crops.</p>																	

<p>Social Impacts and Mitigation Measures (addressing Gender issues and impacts on vulnerable groups)</p>	<p>Social Impacts</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Early marriage is identified in this village. they are facing family problems and also woman headed families mostly observed from the early marriage peoples, they need additional support for do farming activities like watering, weeding,etc. 2. Limited public transport facilities available in the village 3. Bank facilities not available within the village, they have to travel more than 8 km to get bank facilities. 4. Marketing facilities not available in the village. 5. They face difficulties in getting drinking water. the farmers using common wells for getting drin <p>Mitigation measures</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Provide social awareness to the village peoples regarding gender balance, money saving methods, income generating ideas & marketing ideas. <p>Provide marketing linkages for agriculture outputs through CSIAP activities</p> <p>Gender Issues</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Women headed family farmers and women farmers are facing difficulties during the cultivation period for water management practices and handling the machinery. 2. Most of the men and women farmers hiring the water pumps and accessories from neighbor farmers facie income problems. 3. Women headed and the older farmers have to rely on help from neighbors for their farming activities and marketing. 4. Inadequate transport and marketing facilities in this village impose an added burden on women.
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	<p>5. Low income and loan problems also lead to unstable family maintenance.</p> <p>Mitigation measures</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Give awareness training for the men and women farmers like gender balance 2. Identify income generating activities through agriculture farming especially to women. 3. Provide training to women farmers on related cultivation practices and handling of machinery. <p>Vulnerable groups in Paranamadawachiya GN Division</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The woman headed families (widows)- 61 (19 in project area) 2. Samurdhi Beneficiaries -73 (18 samurdhi farmers from our beneficiaries) <p>Source - Divisional Statistical Handbook, Padavisripura DS Division, 2019</p>
<p>Environmental impacts & Mitigation measures including Pest Management/Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emission</p>	<p>Impacts</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Possible significant environmental impact from this programme will be the potential to increase surface runoff after the removal of ground nut cultivation after harvesting. But this lands are flat agricultural lands, most probable use for new crop cultivation. Natural streams are not located nearby. Only few agro wells are scattered in the area. • Other prevailing issues is the Human-Elephant Conflict (HEC). Department of Wildlife has made elephant fence in the area as a mitigation measure.

Mitigation measures

- As mitigation measures for the use of any agrochemicals, implantation of the IPM plan will be introduce.
- IPM training and awareness will be carried out as part of the IPM.
- Soil erosion minimizing activities such as mulching , application of organic fertilizer and more soil conservation practices are propose for this sub project .
- Greenhouse gas emission activities are not proposed for the cultivation programme.
- For HEC safeguard sector of the project is responsible to coordinate with the Department of Wild Life and provide necessary support for vilages .
- Other possible mitigation measures will be included based on Screening decisions & recommendations.

2. Community Consultation for Social Environmental and Gender

Public consulted	Consultation method	Date	Details Social / Gender Issues raised
No of Male Participants: 36 No of Female Participants: 16	Meetings for the formation of PGs	18.05.2020	Formed 2 PGs and registered as a contract grower
Agriculture Instructor Farmers Male - 36 Female - 16	Formal discussion with Officers and Beneficiaries	18.05.2020	Collect farmer details During the PG formation Consultation meeting also conducted in the same group. Most of the farmers are groundnut producers in the village. Identified that the village infrastructure facilities are limited. Bank facilities, marketing facilities, public transport facilities & sales outlets like fertilizer store & chemical shops are limited within the village.
No of Male: 02 No of Female: 05	Informal discussion with selected beneficiaries through a telephone conversation		Low income & loan problems identified. Women headed family farmers and women farmers are facing difficulties during the cultivation period for water management

			practices and handling the machinery.
G.M.Thilakarathna (Farmer)	Interview	06/05/2020	View about the Project: For this project, farmers are making the additional income from groundnut cultivation No environmental issues are raised regarding cultivation but farmers are willing to adhere to nature-friendly practices to reduce pest and disease attacks.
H.M.C.K.Herath (Farmer)	Interview	06/05/2020	View about the Project: I am very happy that I was selected as a beneficiary for this project, This project supports the farmer's livelihood development.
P.Abeetha Senarathna (Farmer)	Interview	06/05/2020	View about the Project: From this project, women farmers also get the benefit
M.Sanjeewa Upul (Farmer)	Interview	06/05/2020	Farmers raised the issue that they suffer from human-elephant conflict and crop damage by a wild animal such as peacocks. They requested solutions to minimize wild animal attacks.

3. Screening for Potential Impacts

	Screening question	Yes	No	Significance of the effect (Low, moderate, high)	Remarks/Mitigation
A. Project sighting - Pre Cultivation					
B.					
	A-1 Is the project site within 1km to the buffer zones of any of the following environmentally sensitive areas?				
1	Protected area		√		Protected area is not identified within a 1km to the project area.
2	Wetland		√		No tank or natural wetland area is identified within a 1km from the project site.
3	Cultural heritage site		√		The cultural heritage site is not identified within a 1km area
4	Special area protecting biodiversity		√		Special area protecting biodiversity not identified in the project location or in the adjacent areas. Because

					the nearby lands also are agricultural lands. These are subjected to many human activities since a long period of time.
5	Other specific features to protect		√		Not identified
C. Cultivation and Harvesting Environmental screening questions					
	B-1. Will the sub-project lead to				
6	Is the proposed area for cultivation fallow land? When was it last cultivated?		√		The proposed area is paddy cultivated land. The last cultivation was Maha season(November to January).
7	Will there be new land clearing? Consider the following elements Encroachment into historical/cultural areas? Encroachment into sensitive ecological areas? Tree removal?		√		No. Selected lands for this off season cultivation are paddy land which are left out lands until Maha season paddy cultivation. Therefore, new land clearance is not required.
8	Will the project cause a physical change in the locality (topography/ water bodies)?		√		The project does not cause a physical change in the locality

					(topography/ water bodies)
9	Do the areas have Human-Elephant Conflict? Will the project lead to increased human-elephant (monkies, peacocks and other animals) conflict with extending cultivation land?	√		Moderate	Human-Elephant conflict identified in this area and peacocks and other animals also damage the cultivation. The farmers currently practice their protection mechanisms but these are not sufficient.
10	Will the project lead to alteration of surface water, ground water and increase soil erosion due to cultivation?		√	Low	Soil erosion is not very low , during the ground nut cultivation. But after the cultivation when uproot of remnant vegetation there is a loos soil which is saseptibe for erosion need to manage with soil conservation measures.
11	Will the project lead to increased pollutant discharge into waterways, including pesticide and fertilizer?		√	No	The project site is 1 km away from the nearest tanks/wetlands. Not possible to pollute water bodies due to cultivation.

					No ground water contamination as IPM is also practiced to avoid chemical use . Soil conservation measuers proposed to be practiced
12	Increased local air pollution due to the usage of machinery equipment for cultivation and harvesting and setting fire to remnant vegetation?	√		Low	At the time of land preparation, dust generation is possible due to the use of machinery. Burning of remnants will be discouraged. Farmers will be educated on the reduction of such environmental pollution practices
13	Increased noise due to the usage of machinery equipment for cultivation and harvesting?	√		Low	The tractors are used for land preparation. High noise levels are not anticipated from the machinery equipment for land preparation
B 2. Social and Gender Screening Questions					
14	Is the land in possession by the farmers? – pls explain: own land with the deed, permit, rented/leased, encroached, other, etc.	√			The land owned by farmers. Land ownership details attached in Annexure 05

15	Does intervention require new or additional land? If yes, pls explain how land will be obtained - by purchase, donation, lease/rent, government grant/permit, acquisition etc.?		√		Farmers will cultivate existing high land and no need of additional lands.
16	Are there any impacts from the interventions or due to land use - such as displacement (temporary/permanent) of people/squatters, damages/losses to agriculture lands, structures, assets (crops, trees, livestock, etc.)?		√		
17	Will there be any temporary/permanent loss of income or livelihoods? pls, explain who (including squatters) and type of impacts.		√		Livelihood will be improve through the activity. The village farmers' income mainly depends on agriculture activities. This sub-project is very helpful to improve their livelihoods.
18	Will there be any impacts on cultural, community properties or facilities & resource use		√		The villagers collect firewood from separate places. Beneficiaries have their own water

	(access to water, firewood collection, etc.)? pls, give details of the impacts.				source so no impacts exhibited through the project activities										
19	Are women and vulnerable groups (poorest/women-headed/elderly/disable persons etc.) including any Indigenous people benefitted from the project? Pls, provide details/numbers that will be benefited, any women farmer groups, etc.	√			<p>The following vulnerable groups will be benefitted from this project.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Details of vulnerable category</th> <th>Numbers</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Women Headed families</td> <td>9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Widow</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Elders</td> <td>Male =5 Female=2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Samurdhi</td> <td>Male=10 Female=8</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>No indigenous people in this village.</p> <p>Income range from selected beneficiaries - Rs 5,000.00 -35,000.00 (Some of the men are working in CBOs and Army.) National poverty line - LKR 5,021 per person.</p>	Details of vulnerable category	Numbers	Women Headed families	9	Widow	4	Elders	Male =5 Female=2	Samurdhi	Male=10 Female=8
Details of vulnerable category	Numbers														
Women Headed families	9														
Widow	4														
Elders	Male =5 Female=2														
Samurdhi	Male=10 Female=8														

				<p>Minimum expenditure per person per month in Trincomalee district - LKR 4,973</p> <p>Source - Dept. of Census and statistics, SriLanka, January 2020</p>
20	<p>Will there be workers brought in from outside for the cultivation? Pls, estimate the nos & type of work they will do.</p>		√	<p>118 unskilled daily work laborers existing in the village. No need to arrange outside laborers.</p>
21	<p>Have any GBV-related concerns been raised during community engagement discussions?</p>		√	<p>During the community consultation meetings and discussion, GBV related issues were not raise. However, usage of alcohol is very high among the male farmers in the project area.</p>
22	<p>Will the project mobilize CBOs for GRM/Social Auditing? Pls, list the CBOs.</p>		√	<p>Social Audit Committee or Grievance Redressal Committees will not be established separately for the cultivation program in this village. However, Producer Societies will be formed. Thus, this project</p>

					encourages community engagement and PS will be in the subproject monitoring team. Further, people can inform their complaints and grievances to the PS. They will be playing the social auditing role too.
B-4. Integrated Pest Management					
23	Are agro-chemicals already used in the area?	√		Moderate	This land is used for paddy cultivation before the ground nut cultivation. As a normal practice in paddy cultivation farmers applied agro-chemicals
24	Will the project lead to an increased usage of agrochemicals? Pesticides and Fertilizers?		√		This project will not promote the usage of chemical pesticides and fertilizers.
25	Are farmers knowledgeable about IPM in the area?	√		Low	The basic knowledge of IPM principles gain through Department of Agriculture

26	Is the project expected to bring Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Principles?	√		High	Yes the project is expected to bring Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Principles
27	Will the project train farmers on IPM practices? the safe handling of pesticides, proper storage, selection of appropriate application equipment and agro chemicals, understanding the hazards and risks of pesticides and safe removal of containers (they should be taught on beneficial insects . possible threshold levels).	√		High	The project will train farmers on IPM practices through the Department of Agriculture (Extension), Trincomalee. The project is expected to increase awareness on the safe handling of chemical pesticide/ fertilizer containers.

4. Permits and clearances needed for the project to proceed

	Permit/Clearance	Yes	No	TBD	Remarks
1	National Environmental Act		√		The project is mainly focused on the groundnut cultivation. For this cultivation, there are no major significant
2	Soil Conservation Act		√		
3	Coast Conservation Act		√		
4	Fauna and flora protection ordinance		√		
5	Local Authority Act		√		
6	Irrigation Ordinance		√		

7	Any other				environmental impacts in cultivations
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5. Conclusions

Summary of key issues	High/Moderate/Low	Rating
Social Issues		
Early Marriage is identified in this village	Low	N/S
Marketing facilities not available within the village	Moderate	SN
Usage of alcohol is identified among the men farmers in the subproject area	N/S	N/S
Gender Issues		
Women headed farmers facing security problems during night time	N/S	U
Women farmers and elders facing difficulties during cultivation practices	Moderate	SN
Inadequate Transport and Marketing facilities	Moderate	SN
Facing difficulties in family maintenance	Low	N/S
Environmental Issues		
Human-Elephant Conflict and other animals in the project location	Moderate	SN
The project lead to alteration of surface water, groundwater and increase soil erosion due to cultivation	Low	N/S
The project lead to increase soil erosion due to cultivation	Low	N/S
The project lead to increased pollutant discharge into waterways, including pesticide and fertilizer	Low	N/S

Agro-chemicals already used in the area	Moderate	S/N
<p>N/S - Effect not significant, or can be rendered insignificant with mitigation</p> <p>SP - Significant positive effect</p> <p>SN - Significant negative effect</p> <p>U - Outcome unknown or cannot be predicted, even with mitigation</p>		

6. Screening Decision Recommendation (Select One):

Project Safeguard Category	Screening Decision Categorization	YES/NO
1	<p>All potentially adverse effects can be classified as general cultivation related impacts and are mitigatable with known technology. Community concern does not warrant further assessment.</p> <p>Therefore, stand-alone Environmental Social and Gender Assessment not required, an Environmental and Social Management Plan and/or Pest Management Plan would be sufficient</p>	YES
2	<p>Potential adverse impact is significant, hence, stand-alone Environmental Assessment and Management Plan needed before the project can proceed</p>	NO
3	<p>Final Recommendation of E&S instruments that need to be prepared</p> <p>Potential adverse impact is significant, hence project cannot be justified</p>	NO

7. Environment and Social Management Plan for the Kolongolla Cluster Village Development Programme of the CSIAP

Social Issues/ Impacts and risks	Mitigation Measures	Institutional Responsibility	
		Implementation	Supervision
General (for all types of risks, issues and disturbances)	<p>A GRM will be established to receive and resolve complaints/grievances related to disturbances caused by construction including GBV related issues.</p> <p>Create awareness of the GRM among community and ASC staff and publicly display the contact details to report grievances.</p> <p>Create awareness among the community on risks/issues including GBV issues due to labor influx arising from construction activities and safety/mitigation measures that will be in place.</p>	Social/Environment safeguard officer/ Gender Development Officer - CSIAP	Social Safeguard and Gender Development Officer of PMU and Environmental Specialist of PMU ID&CB Specialist of PMU
The problem arising during farmer selection.	During the beneficiary, selection consider on target vulnerable groups	Department of Agriculture, Agriculture Specialist and	Agriculture Specialist-CSIAP, Social

		Gender Development Officer - PDPDO	safeguard & Gender Development officer - CSIAP
Avoid standard language for training, consultations meetings & during information sessions	Consideration should be given to frequent use of local languages during consultation meetings and training with the participation of targeted groups	Agriculture Specialist, Marketing Linkages Specialist, ID&CB Specialist - DPDO	Institutional Development and Capacity Building Specialist, Gender Development Officer - CSIAP
Facing difficulties in family maintenance during cultivation practices	Conduct training and awareness programmes to minimize the difficulties and resource management.	Institutional Development and Capacity Building Specialist, Gender Development officer - DPDO- CSIAP	Institutional Development and Capacity Building Specialist, Gender Development officer - CSIAP
Agro-chemicals Usage of Cultivation area	Train farmers on environmentally sound appropriate farming practices. Promote organic fertilizers and integrated pest management practices.	Awareness programs by DPD ESO / AI Practice by Farmer	Social/Environment safeguard officer - CSIAP/ CSIAP and Agriculture Instructor

	Provide education of non synthetic pesticide and fertilizer.		
Traditional water management Practices and wastage of water & prevention of soil erosion from water .	Implement water saving mechanisms such as drip irrigation, sprinkler, and rain water harvesting methods .	CSIAP Department of Agriculture	CSIAP and Agriculture Instructor
Safeguard Mechanism Human-Elephant Conflict	Aware of live fencing practices to protect the crops from Elephant damage. Provide support to for farmers based on their request to manage the situation, arranging meetings with Wild Life department provincial office and managed the problem. Also further study to be carried out to see if there are more sub project specific solutions that can be adopted to minimize the risk.	SSO/ ESO / AI / Wildlife officer	PDPD / CSIAP and Agriculture Instructor

Waste management practice	<p>Conduct training for farmers to establish proper waste management activity at the farm fields.</p> <p>Mulching the soil with remnant vegetation after cultivation to protect soil erosion or depletion .</p>	<p>Awareness programs by DPD ESO / AI Practice by Farmer</p>	<p>Social/Environment safeguard officer - CSIAP</p>
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8. IPM Practices for cultivation Programme

Time of Implement	IMP practice to follow	Possible advantage	Monitoring
Before the establishment of crop practices	<p>Clear the earlier vegetation as soon as the harvest is taken.</p> <p>Clear ruminants of fruits or vegetables and rotten parts.</p>	Reduce the density of pests and diseases in the field.	AI / ESO CSIAP
	<p>Soil Plowing / deep harrowing to expose the pest to the sunlight and natural enemies</p> <p>Soil Steam from sunlight</p>	Destroy the early stages of pest & diseases.	AI / ESO CSIAP
	Mix organic fertilizer with the soil and leave for some time before planting	Destroy pathogens by macro and microorganisms in the new organic mixture.	AI / ESO CSIAP
Before cop establishment	<p>Fencing</p> <p>Plant different crop as a fence.</p> <p>Plant a crop belonging to a different Genera around the field</p>	Distract & reduce the density of pest & disease of the commercial crop.	AI / ESO CSIAP

Time of Implement	IMP practice to follow	Possible advantage	Monitoring
	3-4 weeks before the commercial crop is establishment.		
Onset of planting	Live Fencing Put a fence around the field covering it using dried leaves or poly polythene	Create physical barrier for pest and distract them from the field	AI / ESO CSIAP
Selection of crops / plants	Select disease-free planting materials	Increase healthy vegetation.	AI / Agriculture Specialist
Crop established period - Nursery	Nursery management Nursery bed soil treatment, remove any pests seen in the nursery. Use organic methods to eradicate any pest, use chemical pesticides within recommended quantity	Produce healthy plants.	
Crop established period	Increase of natural enemies Provide good conditions for	Increase the survival of the natural enemies	AI / ESO CSIAP

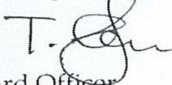
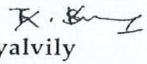
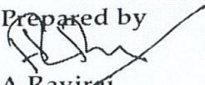

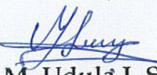

Time of Implement	IMP practice to follow	Possible advantage	Monitoring
	<p>natural enemies of pest and disease.</p> <p>Let the flowering weedy plants to grow around the field such as (Memosa , Vernoniya cinera, - (Monarakudumbiya) , <i>Chrysanthemum</i> - (Daspetiya) , <i>Tithonia diversifolia</i>- (<i>Valsuriyakantha</i>) to host natural enemies</p> <p>Provide knowledge to understand the Natural enemies Picture descriptions.</p> <p>Reduce the use of agrochemicals</p>		
Selection of crops	<p>Select resistant local varieties for the agriculture programme.</p> <p>Mix the conventional crops with resistant crop varieties</p> <p>Crop rotation</p> <p>Mix cropping within home gardens.</p>	Distract and repel pest & diseases and reduce the attacks.	AI / ESO CSIAP
Manage the established crop / plants	<p>Reduce the destruction of Natural Enemies</p> <p>Use organic pesticides and organic fertilizer</p>	<p>Reduce the destruction of natural enemies</p> <p>increase their abundance</p>	AI / ESO CSIAP

Time of Implement	IMP practice to follow	Possible advantage	Monitoring
	<p>Avoid yellow water traps</p> <p>Avoid white colour lights at night</p> <p>Only use yellow light traps for 4-5 days during the onset of caterpillar attack.</p> <p>when seen yellow butterflies and Moths around the area.</p>	<p>increasing the potential for natural control of pests and disease</p>	
	<p>Encourage farmers to identify and release natural enemies to the cropping fields.</p> <p>Provide picture descriptions of natural enemies</p>	<p>Increase the abundance of natural enemies</p>	<p>AI / ESO CSIAP</p>
	<p>Handpick and destroy the pest</p> <p>Collect the pest caterpillars and eggs and cover with a net to attract natural enemies of them to destroy the pest larval stages</p> <p>Introduce ant colonies to the fields</p>		<p>AI / ESO CSIAP</p>
<p>Manage the crop field /Crops established</p>	<p>Provide nursery for the “ Natural enemies “and slowly release them to the field without letting the pest to enter the field</p>		<p>AI / ESO CSIAP</p>

Time of Implement	IMP practice to follow	Possible advantage	Monitoring
	<p>Do not let the water bodies to get polluted, thus destroy natural enemies larval sages</p> <p>Provide hosting places for natural enemies</p> <p>Pile up dried leaves in the crop field</p> <p>Attract insect-eating birds to the cropland by providing</p> <p>Eg: Bathing & drinking places for birds.</p>		<p>AI / ESO CSIAP</p> <p>AI / ESO CSIAP</p> <p>AI / ESO CSIAP</p>
Weed management	<p>Clear the weeds in the plant beds and around the crops.</p> <p>Use physical methods in place of chemical methods</p> <p>Destroy any infected weeds as soon as they are observed near vicinity</p>	Hosting places of pest reduced	AI / ESO CSIAP
Water management	<p>Water management to provide excellent soil condition.</p> <p>Reduce water lodging situations</p> <p>Use water sprinkling to the field</p> <p>During dry season various spread can manage by sprinkling water to the vegetation.</p> <p>For Thrips damage, irrigation of field is needed. Use Sprinkler Irrigation</p>	Virus spread reduce	AI / ESO CSIAP

Time of Implement	IMP practice to follow	Possible advantage	Monitoring
	For Mites frequent watering of plants is recommended.(OFC).		
	Fungus attacks can be reduced by the destruction of affected plant parts as soon as observed	Reduce fungus spread	AI / ESO CSIAP
Organic or synthetic fertilizer.	<p>Spraying of soap solution or homemade 'garlic- chilli' concoction for Thrips</p> <p>Use synthetic pesticide: Refer DOA Pesticide recommendation. Minimum use should be practiced.</p> <p>Botanicals and other measures: Neem, Sulphur, soaps water.</p>	Reduce pest colonies	AI / ESO CSIAP
After Harvest	<p>Clear the field.</p> <p>Do not leave the debris in the field also do not burn the remnant vegetation</p> <p>Chopped / burry / make compost.</p> <p>Clear the rotten vegetables/ fruits from the fields.</p>	Reduce the spread of Pest.	AI / ESO CSIAP

9. Details of Persons Responsible for the Environmental/Social/ Gender Section of the Screening Report

<p>Social Section Prepared by:  T. Sekaran Social Safeguard Officer PDPD Office - Eastern Province Email - thsekaran@gmail.com 13.05.2020 T. Sekaran Social Safeguard Officer Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project (CSIAP) Eastern Province</p>	<p>Gender Section Prepared by  S.T. Kayalvily Gender Development Officer PDPD Office- EP Email - tdkkayal@gmail.com 13.05.2020 S. T. Kayalvily Gender Development Officer Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project (CSIAP) Eastern Province</p>	<p>Environmental Section Prepared by  A. Raviraj Environmental Safeguard Officer PDPD Office - EP 13.05.2020 A. Raviraj Environmental Safeguard Officer Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project (CSIAP) Eastern Province</p>
<p>Social and Gender Inclusion Sections Reviewed By:  Ms. Sharmila Shanmuganathan Social Safeguard and Gender Development Officer Project Management Unit - CSIAP Email: Sociologistssharmila@gmail.com 22 - May - 2020 Ms. Sharmila Shanmuganathan Social Safeguard & Gender Development Officer Project Management Unit Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project Ministry of Agriculture</p>	<p>Environmental Section Reviewed By:  M. Udula J. Sedera Environmental Officer - Project Management Unit Email: jeny.usedera@gmail.com Date 22 - May - 2020 M. U. J. Sedera Environmental Safeguard Officer Project Management Unit Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project (CSIAP) Ministry of Agriculture</p>	<p>Recommended By:  Dr. Janaka Jayawardana Social & Environmental Specialist - Project Management Unit Email: jaya.ybjn@yahoo.com Date : Dr. Y. B. J. N. Jayawardana Environmental & Social Safeguard Specialist Project Management Unit Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project (CSIAP) Ministry of Agriculture</p>
<p>Clarence Given By Shanek Fernando Social Development Specialist The World Bank Date: 30 - 08 - 2020</p>	<p>Nadeera Rajapaksha World Bank Environmental Safeguard Specialist Email: nrajapakse@worldbank.org</p>	

10. Activity Plan for CVDP

S N	Activities	Feb				March				April				May				June				July																		
		1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4															
1	Conduct Awareness on cluster village program for cluster village people									X	X																													
2	Selection of beneficiaries for CVPP											X	X	X																										
3	Formation of Groundnut Producer group												X																											
4	Registration of Groundnut Producer group														X	X																								
5	Conduct the community consultation and stakeholder meetings for screening report data collection															X																								
6	Prepare the Screening Report																X	X																						
7	Submission of Environmental, Social & Gender Screening report to PMU																	X																						
8	Review and recommend the screening report to forward to the WB																		X	X																				
9	Receive the clearance for screening report																		X																					
10	Seed distribution for farmers																			X																				

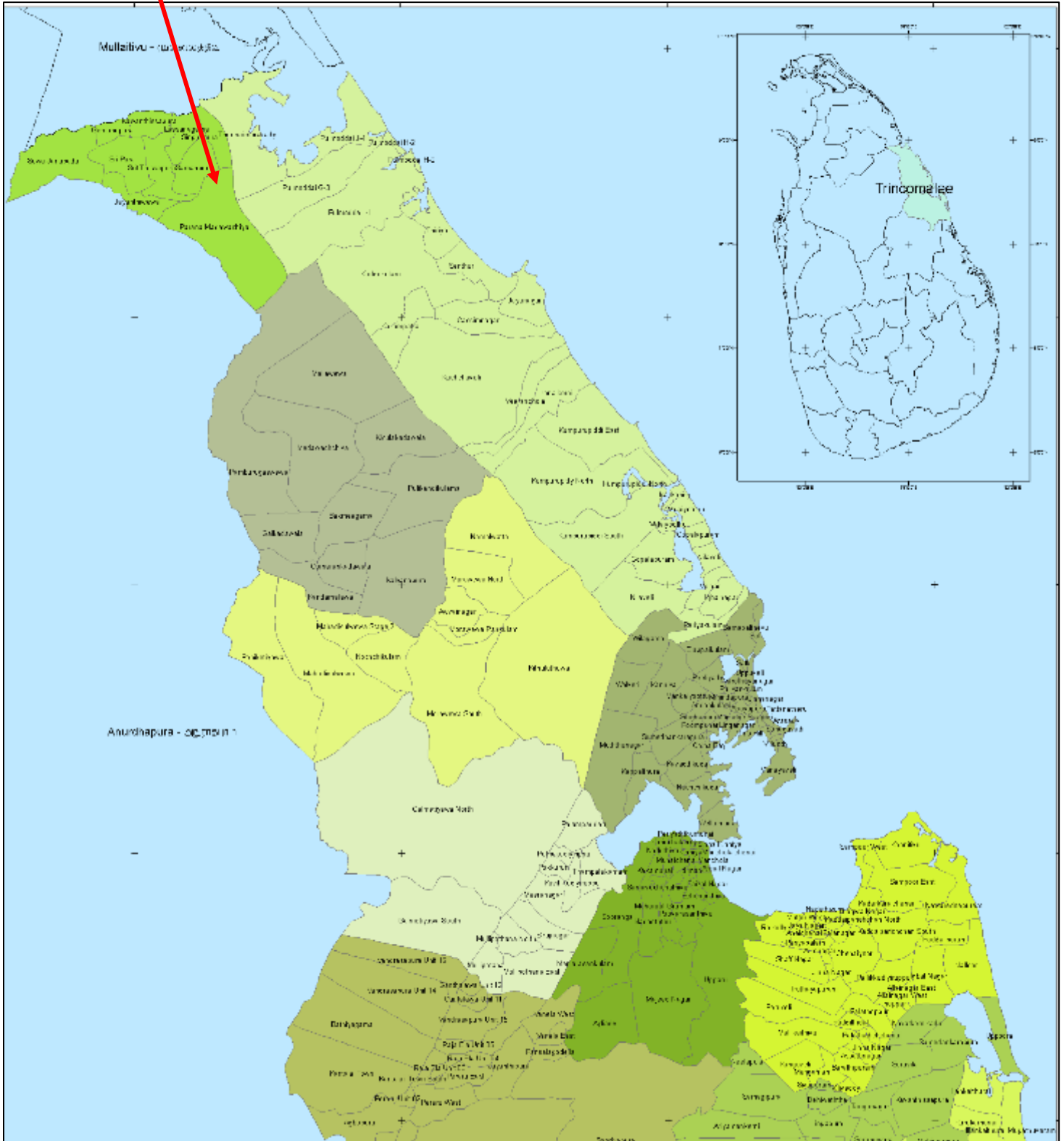
Annex: 01 A. Location map(DS Divisional map – Padavisripura DS division & Parana Madawachiya GN Division)

DS Division - Padavisripura



Source - Google

GN Map - Parana Madawachiya GN Division, Kolongolla Village



Source - www.Google.com, 2017

Annex: 02 Pictures during the field visits and consultations

1. Producer society formation for Groundnut cultivation



2. Field visit during land preparation and sowing seeds



After Land preparation



Field after sowing seeds



Paddy land is used for the Ground Nut Cultivation

Annex: 03 Attendance – Producer Group formation – 2 PSs Formed

MINISTRY OF MAHAWELE, AGRICULTURE, IRRIGATION AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT
 CLIMATE SMART IRRIGATED AGRICULTURE PROJECT (CSIAP)
 Date: 18/05/2020
 Sub: Formation of FPS -
 Provincial Deputy Project Director's Office, Eastern Province
 Venue: Langolla Community Hall

No අ.අ.නං.ය	Name of the Participants නම/අනුමතය	Male/ Female මුතු/මුතු	Designation & Institution මුතු/අංශය	NIC Number	Phone No දුරකථන අංකය	Signature අත්සන
01	B.M. Ramesh Kumar	මුතු	මහලු මුතු/ම.ම	740381511V	0780774709	[Signature]
02	R.A. Rana	මුතු	මුතු/ම.ම	790210201V	0789307800	[Signature]
03	M.A. Rana	මුතු	මුතු/ම.ම	732632085V	0711859493	[Signature]
04	B.P. Rana	මුතු	මුතු/ම.ම	8244201231V	0711742500	[Signature]
05	K. Rana	මුතු	මුතු/ම.ම			[Signature]
06	R.M. Rana	මුතු	මුතු/ම.ම	900844611V	0789431946	[Signature]
07	Rana	මුතු	මුතු/ම.ම			[Signature]
08	R.M. Rana	මුතු	මුතු/ම.ම	921532019V	0783320500	[Signature]
09	Rana	මුතු	මුතු/ම.ම	591811550V	0712964922	[Signature]
10	W.A. Rana	මුතු	මුතු/ම.ම	800882273V	0778910073	[Signature]
11	R. Rana	මුතු	මුතු/ම.ම		078928173	[Signature]

M.A.S. RAN RATHNAYAKE
 Provincial Deputy Project Director
 Aquaculture Extension Cell



MINISTRY OF MAHAWELE, AGRICULTURE, IRRIGATION AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT
 CLIMATE SMART IRRIGATED AGRICULTURE PROJECT (CSLAP)
 PROVINCIAL DEPUTY PROJECT DIRECTOR'S OFFICE, EASTERN PROVINCE

Date:
 Sub:
 Title:
 Venue:

No අ.අ.නං.ප	Name of the Participants නමින්/නමින්/නමින්	Male/ Female මු.මු.ප	Designation & Institution පදවිය & සංස්ථාව	NIC Number	Phone No දුරකථන අංකය	Signature අත්සන
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14	20	ව. 25 වැනි වැව	ප. ප්‍රධානියා		07136407157	ඉගෙනුම්
15	21	බ. ප්‍රධානියා	ප. ප්‍රධානියා	615523752V	0785215220	ඉගෙනුම්
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22	28	ප්‍රධානියා	ප්‍රධානියා	677590388V	0706992092	ඉගෙනුම්

[Signature]
 R.M. RATHNAYAKE
 Provincial Deputy Project Director
 Ministry of Mahaweli, Agriculture, Irrigation and Rural Development
 Eastern Province



MINISTRY OF MAHAWEELI, AGRICULTURE, IRRIGATION AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT
 CLIMATE SMART IRRIGATED AGRICULTURE PROJECT (CSIAP)
 PROVINCIAL DEPUTY PROJECT DIRECTOR'S OFFICE, EASTERN PROVINCE.

Date: Time: Venue:

No අ.න.සං	Name of the Participants සහභාගීන්ගේ නම	Male Female මුස්/මුස	Designation & Institution සේවයේ ස්ථානය	NIC Number	Phone No දුරකථන අංකය	Signature අත්සන
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24	30	ආර්.ම. නොදිනා ප්‍රජාතන්ත්‍රවාදී පක්ෂය M. R. පුංඤාසා	ම.පි	756414441 V	078-4871551	ආර්.ම.ප
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26	32	B.M. පුංඤාසා	ප්‍ර.ප	196013202161	0781721035	<i>[Signature]</i>
27	33	H.C. පුංඤාසා	ප්‍ර.ප		071-5970754	ප්‍ර.ප
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29	35	ආ.ම.ප. ප්‍රජාතන්ත්‍රවාදී පක්ෂය	ප්‍ර.ප	971503904 V	078-580542	<i>[Signature]</i>
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32	38	H.C. පුංඤාසා ප්‍රජාතන්ත්‍රවාදී පක්ෂය	ප්‍ර.ප	932472244 V	071-4102368	<i>[Signature]</i>
33	39	B.M. පුංඤාසා	ප්‍ර.ප	831654930 V	0712697139	<i>[Signature]</i>

[Signature]
 RAVI RATNAYAKI
 Provincial Deputy Project Director
 Agriculture Extension Centre



MINISTRY OF MAHAWELI, AGRICULTURE, IRRIGATION AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT
 CLIMATE SMART IRRIGATED AGRICULTURE PROJECT (CSIAP)
 PROVINCIAL DEPUTY PROJECT DIRECTOR'S OFFICE, EASTERN PROVINCE

Date:
 Sub:
 Title:
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No අ.අ.නැංවුම	Name of the Participants නම/විද්‍යාලයේ නම	Male/ Female ම/ම	Designation & Institution පදව & ආයතනය	NIC Number	Phone No දුරකථන අංකය	Signature අත්සන
34 40	R.M. [Handwritten Name]	M	[Handwritten Designation]		0712099135	[Handwritten Signature]
35 41	M.A.N. [Handwritten Name]	M	[Handwritten Designation]	715493032 V	0789135921	[Handwritten Signature]
36 42	M.D. [Handwritten Name]	M	[Handwritten Designation]		0777712239	[Handwritten Signature]
37 43	[Handwritten Name]	M	[Handwritten Designation]	591916630 V		[Handwritten Signature]
38 44	[Handwritten Name]	M	[Handwritten Designation]	392563438 V	0764931275	[Handwritten Signature]
39 45	[Handwritten Name]	M	[Handwritten Designation]		078454200	[Handwritten Signature]
40 46	R.M. [Handwritten Name]	M	[Handwritten Designation]	780030884 V	0762308513	[Handwritten Signature]
41 47	R.M. [Handwritten Name]	M	[Handwritten Designation]	302870396 U	078353767	[Handwritten Signature]
42 48	[Handwritten Name]	M	[Handwritten Designation]	821532013 V	078393057	[Handwritten Signature]
43 49	G.S.R. [Handwritten Name]	M	[Handwritten Designation]	930191607 V	084557063	[Handwritten Signature]
44 50	K. Korthigo	F	M&E, EP			[Handwritten Signature]

[Handwritten Signature]
 J.P.A. RAVI RATHNAYAK
 PROVINCIAL DEPUTY PROJECT DIRECTOR
 CLIMATE SMART IRRIGATED AGRICULTURE PROJECT
 EASTERN PROVINCE



MINISTRY OF MAHAWEEL, AGRICULTURE, IRRIGATION AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT
 CLIMATE SMART IRRIGATED AGRICULTURE PROJECT (CSIAP)
 PROVINCIAL DEPUTY PROJECT DIRECTOR'S OFFICE, EASTERN PROVINCE

Date: Time: Venue:

No අ.අ.නං.අ	Name of the Participants සහභාගීන්ගේ නම	Male/ Female මුස්තමාන/මුස්තමාන	Designation & Institution තනතුර & සංස්ථාව	NIC Number	Phone No දුරකථන අංකය	Signature අත්සන
35	M.M. Sathath	Male	ADA--D Rept of Agri Division	82111317214	0773614215	
36	W.M. සුඛසංකර	♂	සහකාර මහලේකම්	19690771664	0710993744	
37	W.M. සමසංකර	"	"	"	078-961406	
48	A. සමසංකර	♂	සහකාර මහලේකම්	198907901603	0712612057	
49	D.R.M. Ariyaratne	M	DDP CSIAP - EP			
50	S. Navarathna	M	IDLCB Spe. CSIAP - EP			
51	V. Kirthiga	F	MTE CSIAP - EP			
52	T. Sebastian	M	SSO CSIAP - EP			

RAVI RATHNAYAKE
 Agricultural Extension Officer
 Agricultural Extension Centre

Annex: 04 Further Statistical Datas about Padavisripura ASC Division

Table 02:

Skilled and Unskilled labours in Paranamadawachiya GN Division				
Name of the GN Division	GN Division	Skilled Labours		Un-Skilled Labours
		Male	Female	Male
Paranamedawachchiya	31F	174	95	118

Employments and Unemployment status		
GN Division	Employed	Unemployed
Paranamedawachchiya	294	252

Population Distribution by Gender leadership in Paranamadawachiya GN Division 2017			
D.S Division	Total No.of Families	No.of Widows	Women Headed Families
Paranamedawachchiya	294	61	61

Source - Divisional Statistical Handbook, Padavisripura DS Division, 2017

Annex: 05 Beneficiary Details - Cluster Village Development Programme - Kolongolla, Trincomalee

N o.	Beneficiaries Name	M/ F	ID No	Age	Contact No	Address	Average Monthly Income	Women Headed	Widows	Elderly	Samurdhi Beneficiaries	Land Ownership		
												Permit	Dead	Lease
1	W.G.Sarath Kumara	M					5,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
2	H.P.Dinesh Wasantha	M					5,000.00	-	-	-	✓	✓	-	-
3	K.Chandrasekara	F					5,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
4	B.Ajith Kumara	M					5,000.00	-	-	-	✓	✓	-	-
5	H.R.Chaminda Kumara	M					5,000.00	-	-	-	✓	✓	-	-
6	H.R.Leelawathi	F					3,000.00	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	-	-
7	K.A.Chandrika Jayalath	F					5,000.00	✓	✓	-	✓	✓	-	-
8	N.A.N.Kulasingha	M					5,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
9	M.G.Anura Buddika	M					8,000.00	-	-	-	✓	✓	-	-

10	W.Nilantha Indika	M		30,000.00	-	-	-	✓	-	-
11	R.A.Wijethunga	M		7,000.00	-	-	-	✓	✓	-
12	B.Vishaka Ranjani	F		7,000.00	✓	-	-	-	-	-
13	A.M.K.G.Nuwan Harshika	M			-	-	-	-	-	-
14	H.M.C.K.Herath	M		30,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	B.M.Mahinda Kumara	M		35,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-
16	W.M.Sudubanda	M			-	-	-	-	-	-
17	R.M.Sunil Rathnayaka	M			-	-	-	-	-	-
18	M.E.Sugathapala	M		2,000.00	-	-	-	✓	✓	-
19	G.M.Thilakarathna	M		5,000.00	-	-	✓	-	✓	-
20	S.O.M.Suresh	M			-	-	-	✓	✓	-
21	O.V.Kalyanawathi	F		5,000.00	✓	✓	-	-	✓	-

22	S.M.Roshani Siriwardana	F	70020470037	2,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
23	I.K.G.Asanka Priyalal	M		35,000.0 0	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
24	I.K.G.Wasantha Priyalal	M		4,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
25	O.V.Neel Dias	M		35,000.0 0	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
26	H.G.Amaralatha	F		6,000.00	✓	-	-	-	✓	-	-
27	G.B.M.Samanthi Chandrika	F		30,000.0 0	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
28	U.G.K.Jayanthi Podimenike	F		6,000.00	-	-	-	✓	✓	-	-
29	W.Piyarathna	M		19,000.0 0	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
30	B.P.Abeetha Senarathna	M		19,000.0 0	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
31	R.P.A.Thenna Kumara	M		7,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-

32	H.M.Susal Premarathna	M					32,000.0 0	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
33	R.M.Saman Pushpa Kumara	M					30,000.0 0	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
34	R.M.Sanjeva Upul	M					30,000.0 0	-	-	-	-	✓	✓	-
35	W.M.Ramya Jayarani	F					7000.00	✓	✓	-	-	✓	-	-
36	R.A.Kapila	M					19,000.0 0	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
37	W.M.Upathissa	M						-	-	-	-	-	-	-
38	W.Pathmawathi	F					2,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
39	H.G.Chandana Pradeep Kumara	M					8,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
40	M.D.Prdeeth Udayaranjana	M					10,000.0 0	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
41	R.B.Ashokaa Damayanthi	F					8,000.00	✓	-	-	-	✓	-	-
42	H.M.Kusumlatha	F					8,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-

43	W.M.Dammika Pathmakumara	F		30,000.0 0	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
44	K.Vijepala	M		8,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
45	H.G.Jayarathna	M		5,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	✓	-
46	Nishantha Pradeep Kumara	M		20,000.0 0	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
47	H.M.Podimenike	F		6,000.00	-	-	✓	✓	✓	-	-
48	J.Janaki	F		40,000.0 0	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
49	P.Dammika Damayanthi	F		6,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
50	S.Premarathna	M		5,000.00	-	-	✓	-	✓	-	-
51	H.D.Premarathna	M		5,000.00	-	-	✓	✓	✓	-	-
52	W.M.Tikiribanda	M		6,000.00	-	-	✓	-	✓	-	-
53	B.M.Sudabanda	M		5,000.00	-	-	✓	-	✓	-	-
54	W.M.Roshan	M	6,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-	

55	N.Anusha	F				30,000.00	✓	-	-	-	✓	-	-
56	M.M.Prasanna	M				4,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
57	G.M.Rupasingha	M				6,000.00	-	-	-	✓	✓	-	-
58	W.G.Sanjeeva	M				3,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
59	A.S.P.Perera	M				30,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
60	M.P.Nirwa Niroshika	F				6,000.00	-	-	-	✓	✓	-	-
61	U.G.K.N.Shanthara thna	M				40,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
62	K.A.Damayanthi	F				6,000.00	-	-	-	✓	✓	-	-
63	W.M.Karuna Ranjani	F				6,000.00	✓	-	-	✓	✓	-	-
64	D.Nishanka	M				30,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
65	U.B.Ranga Prabath	M				6,000.00	-	-	-	✓	✓	-	-
66	R.M.Sanjeeva Kumara	M				10,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-

67	B.M.Thilakasiri	M					32,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	✓	-
68	A.Ajith Premalal	M					6,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
69	B.M.Sarathchandra	M					6,000.00	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-
70	R.M.Ajanthaa	F					5,000.00	-	-	-	✓	✓	-	-
	Male:48 Female:22							09	04	07	18	61	03	00

Source - AI, Padavisripura 2020

*****END*****